Accountants' Reports and Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

# TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2018

Independent Auditors' Report on Basic Financial Statements	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-12
Basic Financial Statements	
Government -Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	13 14
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance	15
Sheet with the Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balance-Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-	
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances- Budget and Actual- General Fund	19-23
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual- Lunch Fund	24
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	25
Notes to the Financial Statements	26-55
Paguired Cumplemental Information	56
Required Supplemental Information Schedule of District Pension Contributions	50 57
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the	0.
Net Pension Liability	58
Schedule of District OPEB Contributions	59
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	60
Other Supplementary Information	61
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances-Budget and Actual-Capital Reserve	
Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	62
Fund Balances-Budget and Actual-Debt Service	
Fund	63
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Due to Agency Recipients-Budget and Actual-	24
Pupil Activity Fund Colorado Department of Education Auditors'	64
Integrity Report	65

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Montezuma County (Dolores) School District RE-4A Dolores, Colorado 81323

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Montezuma County (Dolores) School District RE-4A, Colorado as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of inancial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Montezuma County (Dolores) School District RE-4A, Colorado, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Lunch Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, Schedule of District Pension Contributions, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District OPEB Contributions, and Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Montezuma County (Dolores) School District RE-4A, Colorado's basic financial statements. The, budgetary comparison schedules and Colorado Department of Education Auditors' Integrity Report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedules and the Colorado Department of Education Auditors' Integrity Report are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, budgetary comparison schedules, and the Colorado Department of Education Auditors' Integrity Report are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Majors and Haley, P.C.

Me Stal P.C.

.august 29, 2018

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the District in fiscal year 2018 are as follows:

- ➤ In total, net position decreased \$3,883,0222 from \$(6,264,508 as restated) to \$(10,147,530). This decrease was solely the result of the District's share of PERA pension and OPEB expense which totaled \$4,663,530.
- ➤ General revenues accounted for \$6,791,439 in revenue or 82 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,452,324 or 18 percent of total revenues of \$8,243,763.
- Governmental activities total assets increased by \$805,149 and deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$1,875,509. Total liabilities increased by \$2,216,680 mainly due to the increase in the District's share of the PERA net pension and OPEB liabilities. Total deferred inflows of resources increased by \$1,189,035.
- ➤ The District incurred \$12,126,785 in expenses related to government activities. \$1,452,324 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily state equalization and property taxes) of \$6,791,439 covered all but \$3,883,022 of the cost of these programs.
- Among the major funds, the General Fund had \$7,571,675 in revenues and \$7,464,164 in expenditures including transfers. It's fund balance increased by \$107,511 from \$3,758,014 to \$3,865,525.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

- The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- ➤ The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as instruction were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplemental information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

#### **District-wide Statements**

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources if applicable. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position (the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources if applicable) is one way to measure the District's financial position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school facilities.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are included in one category:

➤ **Governmental activities-** All of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, transportation, maintenance and operations, and administration. These activities are financed mainly through property taxes and state equalization funds.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required to be established by state law. However, the District establishes many other funds to help it manage and control its finances to achieve certain results.

The District uses two types of funds:

- ➢ Governmental funds- Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or difference) between them.
- Fiduciary funds- The District is the agent, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the Pupil Activity Fund. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in the fund are used only

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

for their intended purposes and by those whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Total assets increased by \$805,149. Net capital assets decreased by \$143,449. Total liabilities increased by \$2,216,680.

The District's combined net position was smaller on June 30, 2018 than it was at June 30, 2017, decreasing by \$3,883,022 to \$(10,147,530).

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position for 2018 compared to 2017:

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position (In millions)

	Governn Activi	
	2018	2017
Assets		
Current assets	\$ 6.312	\$ 5.363
Capital assets	9.306	9.450
Total assets	<u>15.618</u>	14.813
Deferred outflows	7.635	9.511
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	1.449	1.159
Noncurrent liabilities	30.426	28.500
Total liabilities	31.875	29.659
Deferred inflows of resources	1.526	0.337
Net Position		
Net invest capital assets	5.539	5.357
Restricted	0.895	0.891
Unrestricted	(16.582)	(11.920)
Total net position	\$ (10.148)	\$ (5.672)

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2018 as compared to 2017.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position (In millions)

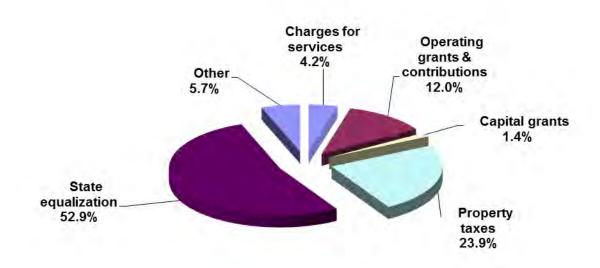
		nmental vities
	2018	2017
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 0.345	\$ 0.249
Operating grants & contributions	0.991	0.737
Capital grants & contributions	0.116	0.055
General revenues		
Property taxes	1.967	2.013
State equalization	4.359	4.225
Other	0.466	0.375
Total revenues	8.244	7.654
Expenses		
Instruction	7.416	6.784
Pupil and instructional services	0.741	0.579
Administration and business	1.477	1.418
Maintenance and operations	0.844	0.896
Transportation	0.531	0.497
Food Service	0.371	0.366
Other	0.747	0.762
Total expenses	12.127	11.302
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Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ (3.883)	\$ (3.648)

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

State equalization and property taxes accounted for most of the District's total revenue, with each contributing 52.9 percent and 23.9 percent respectively (See Table 3). Another 13.4 percent came from local, state and federal grants and the remainder from charges for services and miscellaneous sources.

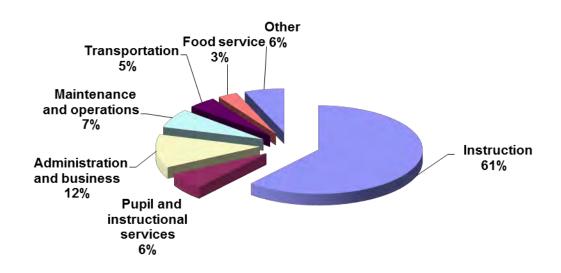
The District's expenses are predominately related to instruction, (61 percent) (See Table 4). The District's administrative and business activities accounted for 12 percent of total costs.

Table 3
Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year 2018



### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Table 4
Expenses for Fiscal Year 2018



#### Governmental Activities

The primary source of operating revenue for school districts comes from the School Finance Act of 1994 (SFA). Under the SFA the District received \$8,134 per funded student. In fiscal year 2018 the funded pupil count was 695.9. Funding for the SFA comes from property taxes, specific ownership taxes and state equalization. The District receives approximately 77 percent of this funding from state equalization while the remaining amounts come from property and specific ownership taxes.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those service costs. Table 5 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by unrestricted state equalization and property taxes.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Table 5
Government Activities
(In millions)

	Total Cost of Services					Net ( of Ser	 -
		2018		2017		2018	2017
Instruction	\$	7.416	\$	6.784	\$	6.558	\$ 6.177
Pupil and instructional services		0.741		0.579		0.569	0.518
Administration and business		1.477		1.418		1.477	1.418
Maintenance and operations		0.844		0.896		0.831	0.883
Transportation		0.531		0.497		0.490	0.444
Food service		0.371		0.366		0.123	0.123
Other		0.747		0.762		0.627	0.697
Total	\$	12.127	\$	11.302	\$	10.675	\$ 10.260

- ➤ The cost of all governmental activities during the year was \$12.127 million.
- Some of the cost was financed by the users of the District's programs (\$.345 million)
- Federal, state and local grants subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$1.107 million).
- ➤ However, most of the District's costs (\$6.792 million) were financed by State and District taxpayers. This portion of governmental activities was mainly financed with \$4.359 million in state equalization and \$2.150 million in property and specific ownership taxes.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Information about the District's major funds starts on page 15. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds have total revenues of \$8.244 million and expenditures of \$7.645 million.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Colorado law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

Over the course of the year, the District revised the annual operating budget by increasing appropriations by \$106,642 mainly to reflect revenues that were greater than anticipated at the time of the original budget.

Actual expenditures were \$3.975 million below budget.

#### CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

By the end of 2018, the District has invested \$14.353 million in land, buildings, and equipment (including vehicles).

Table 6 shows capital assets for 2018 compared to 2017:

Table 6
Capital Assets at June 30 (in millions)

	Governmental Activities					
	2018	2017				
Land Buildings Equipment	\$ 0.070 12.886 1.397	\$ 0.070 12.802 1.409				
Total	\$ 14.353	\$ 14.281				

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on page 35 of this report.

#### FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District is not aware of any existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, parents, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Montezuma County (Dolores) School District RE-4A, P.O. Box 727 Dolores, Colorado 81323.

Statement of Net Position

#### June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Total
Assets		
Cash	\$ 1,037,994 \$	1,037,994
Cash with County Treasurer	8,643	8,643
Investments	5,083,352	5,083,352
Grants receivable	12,358	12,358
Taxes receivable	162,044	162,044
Inventory	7,330	7,330
Capital assets	14,352,528	14,352,528
Accumulated depreciation	(5,046,312)	(5,046,312)
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	9,306,216	9,306,216
Total capital assets, het of depreciation	9,300,210	9,300,210
Total Assets	15,617,937	15,617,937
Deferred Outflows of Resouces		
Pension items	7,611,654	7,611,654
OPEB items	23,774	23,774
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	7,635,428	7,635,428
Liabilities		
Due to other governments	7,943	7,943
Accrued salaries and benefits payable	682,710	682,710
Grants unearned revenue	441,093	441,093
Long-term liabilites	441,095	441,093
Due within one year	317,138	317,138
Due in more than one year	3,450,000	3,450,000
Net pension obligation	26,374,075	26,374,075
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Net OPEB obligation	602,275	602,275
Total Liabilities	31,875,234	31,875,234
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unearned property tax revenues	96,787	96,787
Pension items	1,409,156	1,409,156
OPEB items	19,718	19,718
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,525,661	1,525,661
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	5,539,078	5,539,078
Restricted		
TABOR	250,000	250,000
Debt service	645,473	645,473
Unrestricted	(16,582,081)	(16,582,081)
Total Net Position	\$ (10,147,530) \$	(10,147,530)

# MONTEZUMA COUNTY (DOLORES) SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-4A Statement of Activities

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Program Revenues					A		Net (Expenses) Revenue And Changes in Net Positi			
	Expenses		Charges for Services	C Gi	perating rants and ntributions	G	Capital rants and ntributions	Go	overnmental Activities		Total	
Governmental Activities		_		_		_		_	(0 10)	_	(0 (0)	
Instructional Program Services	\$ 7,415,511	\$	242,872	\$	559,877	\$	55,250	\$	(6,557,512)	\$	(6,557,512)	
Support Program Services	ECO 164				145.067				(447.007)		(447.007)	
Students	563,164				145,267				(417,897)		(417,897)	
Instructional staff	178,121				26,981				(151,140)		(151,140)	
General administration	516,516								(516,516)		(516,516)	
School administration	740,647								(740,647)		(740,647)	
Business	219,801		40.000						(219,801)		(219,801)	
Operation and maintenance of plant	844,117		13,000		44.444				(831,117)		(831,117)	
Student transportation	531,072				41,141				(489,931)		(489,931)	
Central	254,797				59,114				(195,683)		(195,683)	
Other	57,940								(57,940)		(57,940)	
Non instructional	0=1 000								-		-	
Food service	371,003		89,286		158,707				(123,010)		(123,010)	
Enterprise operations	20,858								(20,858)		(20,858)	
Community	7,284								(7,284)		(7,284)	
Facilities acquisition	4,800						60,829		56,029		56,029	
Other	450								(450)		(450)	
Interest on long-term debt	127,614								(127,614)		(127,614)	
Depreciation excluding amounts												
directly allocated to programs	273,090								(273,090)		(273,090)	
Total Governmental Activities	12,126,785		345,158		991,087		116,079		(10,674,461)		(10,674,461)	
Total School District	\$ 12,126,785	\$	345,158	\$	991,087	\$	116,079		(10,674,461)		(10,674,461)	
	General Reve	enue	s									
	Property tax	for g	eneral pur	pose	es				1,553,423		1,553,423	
	Specific Owr					es			183,174		183,174	
	Property tax								413,184		413,184	
	Delinquent ta								6,540		6,540	
	Intergovernn											
	State Equa	alizati	ion						4,359,442		4,359,442	
	State Cate			ents	3				(7,943)		(7,943)	
	Mineral Le								37,733		37,733	
	Forest Ser	_							27,441		27,441	
	Earnings on	inves	stments						73,992		73,992	
	Miscellaneou								144,453		144,453	
	Total Genera	l Rev	enues/				;		6,791,439		6,791,439	
	Changes in N	let P	osition						(3,883,022)		(3,883,022)	
	Net Position E	Begin	ning of the	Yea	ar (as resta	ated)	)		(6,264,508)		(6,264,508)	
	Net Position	End	of the Ye	ar				\$	(10,147,530)	\$	(10,147,530)	
							!		/			

# MONTEZUMA COUNTY (DOLORES) SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-4A Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2018

	 General Lunch Fund Fund				Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund		Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets Cash Cash with County Treasurer Investments Grants receivable Taxes receivable Inventory	\$ 493,933 6,822 4,415,022 12,358 127,976	\$	61,398 7,330	\$ 1,821 629,903 34,068	\$	482,663 38,427	\$	1,037,994 8,643 5,083,352 12,358 162,044 7,330
Total Assets	\$ 5,056,111	\$	68,728	\$665,792	\$	521,090	\$	6,311,721
Liabilities  Due to other governments  Accrued salaries and benefits payable  Grants unearned revenue	7,943 665,082 441,093	\$	17,628				\$	7,943 682,710 441,093
Total Liabilities	1,114,118		17,628	-		-		1,131,746
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unearned property tax revenue  Fund Balances	76,468			\$ 20,319				96,787
Nonspendable Inventories Restricted TABOR Debt service	250,000		7,330	645,473				7,330 250,000 645,473
Unrestricted Assigned for fiscal year 19 expenditures	3,615,525		43,770		\$	521,090		4,180,385
Total Fund Balances	 3,865,525		51,100	645,473		521,090		5,083,188
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 5,056,111	\$	68,728	\$665,792	\$	521,090	\$	6,311,721

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet with the Statement of Net Position

#### June 30, 2018

Total Fund Balance Governmental Funds		\$	5,083,188
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different to			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.			
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 14,352,528 (5,046,312)	<u>.</u>	9,306,216
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet			9,300,210
Due within one year Due in more than one year	(317,138) (3,450,000)	<u>-</u>	(3,767,138)
Some liabilities, including net pension and OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet			(3,707,100)
Net pension obligation Net OPEB obligation	 (26,374,075) (602,275)		(26,976,350)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB plans are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet			(20,370,000)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB plans Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB plans	7,611,654 23,774 (1,409,156) (19,718)		
Total Net Position Governmental Activities		\$	6,206,554

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 General Fund	Lunch Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund		Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 1,741,780		\$414,541			\$	2,156,321
State sources	4,996,166	\$ 3,878					5,000,044
Federal sources	252,887	154,829					407,716
Earnings on investments	67,506	27	5,849	\$	610		73,992
Other	513,336	92,234	120				605,690
Total Revenues	 7,571,675	250,968	420,510		610		8,243,763
Expenditures							
Instructional Program	4,292,100						4,292,100
Support Programs							
Pupils	308,069						308,069
Instructional staff	121,227						121,227
General administration	327,176						327,176
School administration	406,272						406,272
Business	116,737						116,737
Operation and maintenance of plant	638,272						638,272
Student transportation	299,976				51,910		351,886
Central	185,428				5,013		190,441
Other	57,940						57,940
Food service	25,214	239,495					264,709
Enterprise operations	20,858						20,858
Community	7,284						7,284
Facilities	65,629				22,942		88,571
Other uses			450				450
Debt Service							
Principal	35,306		290,000				325,306
Interest	1,676		125,938				127,614
Total Expenditures	6,909,164	239,495	416,388		79,865		7,644,912
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	 662,511	11,473	4,122		(79,255)		598,851
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in (out)	(555,000)				555,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(555,000)	-	-		555,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances	107,511	11,473	4,122		475,745		598,851
Fund Balances beginning of the year	3,758,014	39,627	641,351		45,345		4,484,337
Fund Balances end of the year	\$ 3,865,525	\$ 51,100	\$645,473	\$	521,090	\$	5,083,188

MONTEZUMA COUNTY (DOLORES) SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-4A
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances Governmental Funds		\$		598,851
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different becau	se:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.				
Capital outlay	\$	190,931		
Depreciation expense		(334,580)		
				(143,649)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.				
General obligation bond payments		290,000		
Capital lease payments		35,306		
				325,306
Governmental funds report district pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension and OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions are reported as an expense.				
District pension contributions		743,938		
District OPEB contributions		40,169		
Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions		(5,402,305)		
Cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions		(45,332)	(4	1,663,530)
			`	. , ,
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	(3	3,883,022)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual General Fund

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

					1	√ariance
	Budgete	d A	mounts		F	avorable
	Original		Final	 Actual	(Ur	nfavorable)
Revenues from local sources						
Current property taxes	\$ 1,538,568	\$	1,593,677	\$ 1,553,423	\$	(40,254)
Specific ownership taxes	102,076		95,048	183,174		88,126
Delinquent taxes and interest on taxes	2,100		1,100	5,183		4,083
Earnings on investments	20,000		45,000	67,506		22,506
Tuition	227,000		195,000	231,939		36,939
Other	66,200		605,157	281,397		(323,760)
Total revenues from local sources	1,955,944		2,534,982	2,322,622		(212,360)
Revenues from state sources						
	4 220 252		4 250 200	4 250 442		1 152
State Equalization	4,330,352		4,358,289	4,359,442		1,153
Transportation State Categorical Adjustments	50,000		44,000	41,141 (7,943)		(2,859)
Vocational Education				14,173		(7,943) 14,173
Early Literacy	92,086		105,718	108,925		3,207
English Language Proficiency Act	2,500		4,315	4,315		3,207
State ELPA	3,000		5,984	5,472		(512)
Read Act	3,000		26,047	16,636		(9,411)
Library Grant	3,000		3,500	3,500		(9,411)
Small Rural Schools	254,046		254,046	313,552		59,506
Health Care Professional	234,040		121,840	121,840		39,300
Additional At Risk Students			121,040	3,734		3,734
Services within BOCES	35,700		35,700	11,379		(24,321)
Total revenues from state sources	4,770,684		4,959,439	4,996,166		36,727
Total revenues from state sources	4,770,004		4,000,400	4,000,100		00,121
Revenues from federal sources						
Title I	115,000		139,901	140,367		466
Rural Low Income Schools	10,000		6,466	4,738		(1,728)
Title II Part A	20,000		37,882	18,743		(19,139)
RTTT Early Childhood	500		440	438		(2)
Services within other districts	1,000		1,000			(1,000)
Forest Service	3,500		3,500	27,441		23,941
Medicaid	11,000		14,000	23,427		9,427
Mineral Leasing	40,000		37,733	37,733		
Total revenues from federal sources	201,000		240,922	252,887		11,965
Total revenues	6,927,628		7,735,343	7,571,675		(163,668)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual General Fund (Continued)

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					ance
	Original	a A	mounts Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable	
Instruction	Original		I IIIai	Actual	Onlay	(Olable)
	Ф O 665 406	<b>ው</b>	0.744.050	¢ 0.706.040	ф ,	25 420
Salaries Employee honofite	\$ 2,665,436 955,797	\$	2,741,352 1,007,817	\$ 2,706,213 985,653		35,139
Employee benefits Purchased services	900,797		1,007,017	965,655	•	22,164
Professional and technical	57,627		71,914	70,880		1,034
Property	40,600		40,600	40,363		237
Other	179,235		205,631	210,709		(5,078)
Supplies	193,099		214,443	203,955		10,488
Property	74,432		73,050	70,118		2,932
Other	7,100		7,100	4,209		2,891
Other	7,100		7,100	7,200		2,001
Total instruction	4,173,326		4,361,907	4,292,100		69,807
Pupils						
Salaries	203,823		241,480	214,530	:	26,950
Employee benefits	75,568		80,921	76,318		4,603
Purchased services						
Professional and technical			8,115	8,115		-
Other	2,950		7,592	6,053		1,539
Supplies	3,065		3,065	3,053		12
Total pupils	285,406		341,173	308,069	,	33,104
Instructional staff						
Salaries	46,250		56,820	52,010		4,810
Employee benefits	15,926		18,165	16,313		1,852
Purchased services						
Professional and technical	25,000		28,400	10,908		17,492
Other	5,000		5,500	9,254		(3,754)
Supplies	19,100		26,600	26,152		448
Property	12,000		8,466	6,590		1,876
Total instructional staff	123,276		143,951	121,227	,	22,724

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual General Fund (Continued)

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Variance
		d Amounts	<u>.</u>	Favorable
	Original	Final	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)
General administration				
Salaries	\$ 151,150	\$ 156,200	\$ 165,197	\$ (8,997)
Employee benefits	57,356	58,324	56,677	1,647
Purchased services				
Professional and technical	67,300	76,800	37,469	39,331
Property	19,000	16,500	16,176	324
Other	33,200	33,200	23,475	9,725
Supplies	25,500	26,882	20,152	6,730
Property	500	500	417	83
Other	9,000	9,000	7,613	1,387
Total general administration	363,006	377,406	327,176	50,230
School administration				
Salaries	305,120	299,425	295,583	3,842
Employee benefits	109,224	103,884	99,433	4,451
Purchased services				
Property	1,150	1,150	985	165
Other	8,400	8,400	6,561	1,839
Supplies	2,615	2,615	2,605	10
Other	1,600	1,600	1,105	495
Total school administration	428,109	417,074	406,272	10,802
Business services				
Salaries	96,505	92,000	87,253	4,747
Employee benefits	31,618	31,546	25,099	6,447
Purchased services	, , , , , ,	· ,-	-,	-, -
Other	9,000	6,000	4,080	1,920
Other	250	250	305	(55)
Total business services	137,373	129,796	116,737	13,059

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual General Fund (Continued)

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

1 of the real Life	ided Julie 30,	20	10			,	/!
							/ariance
	Budgeted	d Ar			<b>A</b> ( 1		avorable
	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	(Un	favorable)
Operations and maintenance							
Salaries	\$ 216,195	\$	216,500	\$	176,619	\$	39,881
Employee benefits	92,063		86,758		67,073		19,685
Purchased services							
Property	67,800		70,800		63,643		7,157
Other	161,547		176,556		149,823		26,733
Supplies	203,200		203,700		174,014		29,686
Property	10,000		10,000		7,100		2,900
Other	50		50		,		50
Total operations and maintenance	750,855		764,364		638,272		126,092
Student transportation							
Salaries	158,200		150,700		147,884		2,816
Employee benefits	52,433		51,279		42,907		8,372
Purchased services	02, 100		01,210		12,001		0,072
Professional and technical	15,500		15,500		10,777		4,723
Property	1,500		1,500		1,455		45
Other	18,350		18,350		17,036		1,314
Supplies	81,500		82,500		77,375		5,125
Property	2,500		2,500		2,500		0,120
Other	300		300		42		258
Other	300		300		72		250
Total student transportation	330,283		322,629		299,976		22,653
Central support							
Salaries	54,500		54,500		54,687		(187)
Employee benefits	17,782		17,746		17,658		88
Purchased services	,		,		,		
Professional and technical	20,000		9,500				9,500
Property	1,400		1,400		1,142		258
Other	50,000		50,000		46,151		3,849
Supplies	5,000		5,000		4,276		724
Property	101,400		101,400		61,514		39,886
Troperty	101,400		101,400		01,014		55,000
Total central support	250,082		239,546		185,428		54,118

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual General Fund (Continued)

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

For the Year Er	ided June 3	0, 20	)18				,	/i
	Budgeted Amounts						/ariance avorable	
	Origina		<i>1</i> ////	Final		Actual		ifavorable)
Other support services								
Purchased services								
Other	\$ 62,	100	\$	62,100	\$	57,940	\$	4,160
	, ,		·	,	·	,		•
Food service operations								
Salaries	15,4	450		15,450		15,912		(462)
Employee benefits	9,3	384		9,328		9,302		26
Total food service operations	24,8	834		24,778		25,214		(436)
Futavavias anavations								
Enterprise operations Salaries	65,	500				702		(702)
Employee benefits	37,8					148		(702) (148)
Purchases services	57,0	300				140		(140)
Property				750		747		3
Supplies	22,	500		31,500		19,261		12,239
Property	22,	300		4,800		13,201		4,800
rioporty				4,000				1,000
Total enterprise operations	125,8	360		37,050		20,858		16,192
O								
Community operations								
Purchased services		750		15.000		6.004		0.046
Professional and technical Property		750 200		15,000 1,200		6,084 1,200		8,916
Froperty	1,4	200		1,200		1,200		-
Total community operations	1,9	950		16,200		7,284		8,916
Facilities								
Property				478,000		65,629		412,371
• •				·		•		
Debt Service								
Principal	35,	305		35,305		35,306		(1)
Interest	1,0	676		1,676		1,676		-
Total debt service	36,9	201		36,981		36,982		(1)
i otal debt selvice	30,	301		30,301		30,302		(1)
Appropriated reserves	3,684,	104		3,131,232			;	3,131,232
Total expenditures	10,777,	545		10,884,187		6,909,164	;	3,975,023
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfer to Capital Projects Fund	(95,0	(000		(609,170)		(555,000)		54,170
	(,	,				(,,		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(95,0	000)		(609,170)		(555,000)		54,170
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	(3,944,9	917)		(3,758,014)		107,511	;	3,865,525
Fund balance, beginning	3,944,9	917		3,758,014		3,758,014		-
Fund balance, ending	\$		\$	-	\$	3,865,525	\$ :	3,865,525
			_		_			

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual Lunch Fund

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

						ariance		
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			A otual		avorable		
		ngmai		Final		Actual	(011	favorable)
Revenues								
Local sources	•	00.070	•	00.070	•	00 000	•	<b>5</b> 040
Lunch sales	\$	83,976	\$	83,976	\$	89,286	\$	5,310
Earnings on investments		20		20		27		7
Other		750		925		2,948		2,023
Total local sources		84,746		84,921		92,261		7,340
State soucres								
State Matching Grant		2,100		3,000		2,138		(862)
Smart Start Grant		250		250		470		220
School Lunch Protection Program		1,200		1,000		1,270		270
Total state sources		3,550		4,250		3,878		(372)
Federal sources								
National School Lunch Program		102,000		101,125		106,844		5,719
School Breakfast Program		23,500		23,500		29,341		5,841
Donated commodities		11,000		11,000		18,644		7,644
Total federal sources		136,500		135,625		154,829		19,204
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•		
Total revenues		224,796		224,796		250,968		26,172
Expenditures								
Food services								
Salaries		78,700		78,700		75,036		3,664
Employee benefits		35,170		34,585		33,666		919
Purchased services		,		,		,		
Professional and technical		4,935		3,435		1,326		2,109
Other		100		100		•		100
Food and milk		114,200		112,168		100,741		11,427
Commodities uses		11,000		11,000		18,644		(7,644)
Supplies		12,000		11,000		9,082		1,918
Property		2,000		1,000		1,000		-
Other		50		50				50
Appropriated reserves		13,600		12,385				12,385
Total expenditures		271,755		264,423		239,495		24,928
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under)								
expenditures and other uses		(46,959)		(39,627)		11,473		51,100
Fund balance, beginning		46,959		39,627		39,627		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	51,100	\$	51,100

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

# June 30, 2018

	Agency Fund	
Assets Cash	\$	96,177
Total Assets	\$	96,177
Liabilities		
Due to agency recipients	\$	96,177
Total Liabilities	\$	96,177

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – The accounting policies of the Montezuma County School District RE-4A ("District") conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, as applicable to school districts. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements of Interpretations). In fiscal year 2018 the District adopted GASB Statement 75.

The following significant accounting policies were applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements.

Reporting Entity - The Montezuma County School District RE-4A Board of Education ("Board") is the basic level of government which has financial accountability and control over all activities related to the public school education in the Town of Dolores, Colorado. The Board receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the GASB pronouncement, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the authority to levy taxes, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, there are no component units as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements 14, 39 and 61, which are included in the District's reporting entity.

**Fund Accounting** – The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and in the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped, into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types".

**Governmental Funds-** are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked funds (special revenue funds). The following are the District's major governmental funds:

**General Fund-** is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and State of Colorado equalization funding, as determined by the School Finance Act of 1994, as amended.

Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operation of the schools, except for programs funded by certain capital outlay expenditures, food service expenditures, extracurricular athletic and other pupil activities, and insurance transactions.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

**Lunch Fund-** is used to account for the financial transactions related to the food service operations of the District.

**Debt Service Fund-** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund- the Capital Projects Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and expenditure of resources for capital improvements within the District.

**Fiduciary Fund-** reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore, not available to support the District's own programs. The District does not have any trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results or operations. The District has one agency fund, the Pupil Activity Agency Fund.

#### Basis of Presentation-

**District-wide Financial Statements-** The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The district-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with a brief explanation to better identify the relationship between the district-wide financial statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The district-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

**Fund Financial Statements-** Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

**Basis of Accounting** – determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. District-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues- Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions- Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. State equalization monies are recognized as revenues during the period which they are appropriated. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes collected within 60 days after year-end, interest, tuition, grants and student fees.

**Unearned Revenues-** arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting eligibility requirements. In subsequent periods, when both

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

**Pensions-** The District participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

During the 2018 legislative session, the Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through Senate Bill (SB) 18-200: Concerning Modifications To the Public Employees' Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan Within the Next Thirty Years, Governmental accounting standards require the net pension liability and related amounts of the SCHDTF for financial reporting purposes be measured using the plan provisions in effect as of the SCHDTF's measurement date of December 31, 2017. As such, the following disclosures do not include the changes to the plan provisions required by SB 18-200 with the exception of the section titled Changes between the measurement date of the net pension liability and June 30, 2018.

**OPEB-** The District participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

**Expenses/Expenditures-** On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

**Budgets and Budgetary Accounting** – The District is required by Colorado Statutes to adopt annual budgets for all funds. Each budget is prepared on the same basis (GAAP basis) as that

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

used for accounting purposes. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Prior to June 1, the Superintendent's staff submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.

The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Public hearings are conducted to obtain comments.

Prior to June 30, the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution by the Board of Education. However, the Board can review and change the adopted budget through December 31.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.

Budgeted amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted and as amended by the Board of Education throughout the year. Following is a summary of the original budget, total revisions and revised budget for those funds with amended budgets in fiscal year 2018.

	 Original Budget			 Revised Budget
General Fund	\$ 10,777,545	\$	106,642	\$ 10,884,187
Lunch Fund	\$ 271,755	\$	(7,332)	\$ 264,423
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 188,149	\$	466,666	\$ 654,815
Debt Service Fund	\$ 1,036,456	\$	32,409	\$ 1,068,865
Pupil Activity Fund	\$ 258,484	\$	(4,368)	\$ 254,116

Appropriations are adopted by resolution for each fund in total and lapse at the end of each year. Over-expenditures are not deemed to exist unless the fund as a total has expenditures in excess of appropriations.

**Encumbrance Accounting** – under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed by the District as an extension of formal budgetary integration. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are cancelled and represent neither a liability nor a reservation of equity.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

**Inventories-** Inventories in the Lunch Fund consists of both expendable supplies held for consumption and the cost of goods held for resale, the cost of which is recorded as an expense as they are used. Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out concept.

**Capital Assets** – General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the district-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The District does not possess any infrastructure.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental	Business-Type
	Activities	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	20-50 Years	N/A
Furniture and Equipment	5-15 Years	5-15 Years
Vehicles	8 Years	15 Years

**Property Tax Revenue Recognition -** of the District is recognized when the Montezuma County Treasurer collects it, on behalf of the District. The property tax is levied in December of the year prior to the year the taxes are collected on all taxable property located in the District. Property taxes become an enforceable lien on January 1 of each year, are due on or before June 15 and are delinquent on June 16.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year-end. Delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible and therefore no allowance for uncollectible taxes is provided. Property taxes levied on January 1 and not collected by June 30 are reflected as a receivable; deferred revenue is the portion of property taxes included in the receivable but not yet available as explained above.

Accumulated Unpaid Vacations and Sick Pay- Vacations for twelve- month non-professional employees is two weeks per year after the completion of one year on the job and three weeks per year after the completion of five years on the job. Vacations normally must be taken during the summer months unless special arrangements are made with the immediate supervisor. Vacation time may be accrued and carried over for two years at which time any unused vacation time lapses.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Certified employees will receive ten sick days on the first day of employment to accrue annually to a maximum of sixty days. Support staff employees will begin accruing sick leave on the first day of employment at the rate of one day per month of service, to a maximum of sixty days. A sick leave bank is available to all participating employees.

Personal leave shall be granted at the rate of two days per year, non-accumulative. Personal leave must be approved by the superintendent after being recommended by the immediate supervisor of the employee.

Vacation time, sick leave and personal leave do not vest or accumulate with the employees, that is, the employees have no right to be paid for any of these if not taken in the time indicated, or if they terminate. Under generally accepted accounting principles, there is, therefore, no expense or liability included in the financial statements.

**Accrued Liabilities and General Long-Term Obligations-** All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the non-current portion of capital leases, compensated absences, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payment made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

**Governmental Fund Balances-** In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

**Nonspendable-** Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted-** Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes because of state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors. This includes the District's TABOR reserve for emergencies.

**Committed-** Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by the Board of Education.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

**Assigned-** Amounts that are designated by the Board of Education for a particular purpose but are not spendable until appropriated. This includes assignments for subsequent year's expenditures and for debt service.

**Unassigned-** All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

**Use of Restricted Resources-** When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the District's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the District's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications- committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

**Net Position-** Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are liabilities imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Inter-fund Transactions- Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other inter-fund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

## 2. Cash and Investments – Cash and investments consist of the following:

Demand accounts	\$	803,263
Certificates of deposit		330,907
Colotrust	;	5,083,353

Total cash and investments \$ 6,217,523

**Deposits-** The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) governs the District's cash deposits. The statutes specify eligible depositories for public cash deposits, which must be Colorado institutions and must maintain federal insurance on deposits held. Each eligible depository with deposits in excess of the insured levels must pledge a collateral pool of defined eligible assets, to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all of its local government depositors as a group, with a market value of at least 102% of the uninsured deposits. The State Regulatory Commission for banks and savings and loan

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

associations are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and the reporting of uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

Colorado statutes define eligible investments for local governments. These include bonds and other interest-bearing obligations of or guaranteed by the United States government or its agencies, bonds which are direct obligations of the State of Colorado or any of its political subdivisions, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and local government investment pools.

At June 30, 2018 the District had investments in one local government investment pool, the Colorado Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST). This investment pool is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. The pool is routinely monitored by the Colorado Division of Securities with regard to its operations and investments, which are also subject to provisions of C.R.S. Title 24, Article 75, and Section 6. The fair value of the investments in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. This type of investment is not categorized because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book form. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard and Poors.

3. Federal, State and Local Administered Grants- are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures under the provisions of the grant and, accordingly, when such funds are received they are recorded as deferred revenue until earned. Receivables and deferred revenues are as follows:

General Fund	Rece	ivable	[	Deferred		
Federal Grants						
Title I	\$	612				
State Grants						
State ELPA			\$	512		
Small Rural Schools		11,746				
Early Childhood Literacy				14,000		
Read Act				9,411		
Local Grants						
Colorado Health Foundation				417,170		
Total	\$	12,358	\$	441,093		
<del>-</del>						

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

#### 4. Capital Assets - Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 follows:

	,	Capital Assets y 1, 2017	Å	Additions	Ac	Deletions Inventory Ijustments/ Fransfers		Capital Assets e 30, 2018
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	70,000					\$	70,000
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings	1:	2,802,366	\$	83,771			1	2,886,137
Equipment		1,409,033		107,160	\$	(119,802)		1,396,391
Total capital assets being depreciated	14	4,211,399		190,931		(119,802)	1	4,282,528
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	(;	3,764,719)		(68,254)			(	3,832,973)
Equipment	(	1,066,815)		(266,326)		119,802	(	1,213,339)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4	4,831,534)		(334,580)		119,802	(	5,046,312)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	9	9,379,865		(143,649)		-		9,236,216
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 9	9,449,865	\$	(143,649)	\$	-	\$	9,306,216

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to the following governmental programs:

Instruction	\$ 930
Transportation	59,478
Operations and Maintenance	650
Food Service	432
Unallocated	273,090
Total depreciation governmental activities	\$ 334,580

#### 5. Defined Benefit Pension Plan -

**Plan description**. Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports">www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</a>.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2017. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

As of December 31, 2017, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007 receive an annual increase of 2 percent, unless PERA has a negative investment year, in which case the annual increase for the next three years is the lesser of 2 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the prior calendar year. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment after January 1, 2007 receive an annual increase of the lesser of 2 percent or the average CPI-W for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve for the SCHDTF.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the retirement benefit formula shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2018. Eligible employees and the District are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, et seq. Eligible employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their PERA-includable salary. The employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	For the	For the
	Year Ended	Year Ended
	December	December
	31, 2017	31, 2018
Employer Contribution Rate <sup>1</sup>	10.15%	10.15%
Amount of Employer Contribution apportioned to the Health	(1.02)%	(1.02)%
Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f) <sup>1</sup>		
Amount Apportioned to the SCHDTF <sup>1</sup>	9.13%	9.13%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in	4.50%	4.50%
C.R.S. § 24-51-411 <sup>1</sup>		
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement	5.00%	5.50%
(SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411 <sup>1</sup>		
Total Employer Contribution Rate to the SCHDTF <sup>1</sup>	18.63%	19.13%
L.		l

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Rates are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the District were \$743,938 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$26,374,075 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2017 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the SCHDTF.

At December 31, 2017, the District's proportion was .0815614533 percent, which was a decrease of .002 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2016. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,402,305. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	484,908		
Changes in assumptions		6,734,281	\$	42,734
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				1,035,735
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions				330,687
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		392,465		
Total	\$	7,611,654	\$	1,409,156

\$392,465 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

\$ 3,991,021
2,216,520
(12,574)
(384,934)

Year ended June 30:

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 – 9.70 percent
Long-term investment Rate of Return, net of pension	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

plan investment expenses, including price inflation 7.25 percent Discount rate 5.26 percent

Post-retirement benefit increases:

PERA Benefit Structure hired prior to 1/1/07;

and DPS Benefit Structure (automatic) 2.00 percent

PERA Benefit Structure hired after 12/31/06

(ad hoc, substantively automatic) Financed by the

Annual Increase Reserve

A discount rate of 4.78 percent was used in the roll-forward calculation of the total pension liability to the measurement date of December 31, 2017.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table adjusted as follows:

**Males**- Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

**Females**- Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was changed to reflect 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016, valuations were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2015 as well as, the October 28, 2016 actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016 Board meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return for the SCHDTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent adoption of the current long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	10 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity – Large Cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. Equity – Small Cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. Equity – Developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. Equity – Emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core Fixed Income	19.32%	1.20%
Income Developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging Market Debt	0.46%	3.90%
High Yield	1.38%	4.30%
Opportunity Fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.60%
Core Real Estate	8.50%	4.90%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Total	100.00%	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.78 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consisted of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.

Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.

Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law, including current and future AED and SAED, until the Actuarial Value Funding Ratio reaches 103 percent, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50 percent every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions included reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits.. For future

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.

Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process used by the plan to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.

The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve of the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. As the ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases financed by the AIR are defined to have a present value at the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments equal to the amount transferred for their future payment, AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments have no impact on the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) determination process when the timing of AIR cash flows is not a factor (i.e., the plan's fiduciary net position is not projected to be depleted). When AIR cash flow timing is a factor in the SEIR determination process (i.e., the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted). AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.

Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the end of the month.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the SCHDTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2041, and, as a result, the municipal bond index rate was used in the determination of the discount rate. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to periods through 2041 and the municipal bond index rate, the December average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, was applied to periods on and after 2041 to develop the discount rate. For the measurement date, the municipal bond index rate was 3.43 percent, resulting in a discount rate of 4.78%.

As of the prior measurement date, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent and the municipal bond index of 3.86 percent were used in the discount rate determination resulting in a discount rate of 5.26 percent, .48 percent higher compared to the current measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.78 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.78 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.78 percent) than the current rate:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	(3.78%)	Rate (4.78%)	(5.78%)
Proportionate share of the net	\$33,314,943	\$26,374,075	\$20,718,061

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at <a href="https://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports">www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</a>.

pension liability

#### Changes between the measurement date of the net pension liability and June 30, 2018

During the 2018 legislative session, the Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through SB 18-200: Concerning Modifications To the Public Employees' Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan Within the Next Thirty Years. The bill was signed into law by Governor Hickenlooper on June 4, 2018, SB 18-200 makes changes to the plans administered by PERA with the goal of eliminating the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Division Trust Funds and thereby reach a 100 percent funded ration for each division within the next 30 years.

A brief description of some of the major changes to plan provisions required by SB 18-200 are listed below. A full copy of the bill can be found online at <a href="https://www.leg.colorado.gov">www.leg.colorado.gov</a>.

- Increases employer contribution rates by .25 percent on July 1, 2019
- Increases employee contribution rates by a total of 2 percent (to be phased in over period of 3 years starting July 1, 2019).
- Directs the state to allocate \$225 million each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018.
  A portion of the direct distribution will be allocated to the SCHDTF based on the
  proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the other divisions eligible
  for the direct distribution.
- Modifies the retirement benefits, including temporarily suspending and reducing the annual increase for all current and future retirees, modifying the highest average salary for employees with less than five years of service credit on December 31, 2019 and raises the retirement age for new employees.
- Member contributions, employer contributions, the direct distribution from the state, and the annual increases will be adjusted based on certain statutory parameters beginning July 1, 2020, and then each year thereafter, to help keep PERA on path to full funding in 30 years.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

At June 30, 2018 the District reported a liability of \$26,374,075 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability which was measured using the plan provisions in effect as of the pension plan's year-end based on a discount rate of 4.78%. For comparative purposes, the following schedule presents an estimate of what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and associated discount rate would have been had the provisions of HB 18-200, applicable to the SCHDTF, become law on December 31, 2017. This pro-forma information was prepared using the fiduciary net position of the SCHDTF as of December 31, 2017. Future net position liabilities reported could be materially different based on changes in investment markets, actuarial assumptions, plan experience and other factors.

Estimated Discount Rate
Calculated Using Plan Provisions
Required by SB 18-200
(pro forma)
7.25%

Proportionate Share of the Estimated
Net Pension Liability Calculated Using
Plan Provisions Required by SB1 18-200
(pro forma)
\$11,915,579

Recognizing that the changes and benefit provisions also affect the determination of the discount rate used to calculate proportionate share of the net pension liability, approximately \$12,311,583 of the estimated reduction is attributable to the used of a 7.25 percent discount rate.

#### 6. Defined Contribution Pension Plan

#### Voluntary Investment Program

Plan Description - Employees of the District that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S, as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report for the Plan. That report can be obtained at <a href="https://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports">www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</a>.

Funding Policy – The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. The District has not agreed to match employee contributions. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended June 30, 2018, program members contributed \$16,920 to the Voluntary Investment Program.

#### 7. Other Post-Employment Benefits

*Plan description.* Eligible employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

(C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports">www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</a>.

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

#### PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the District were \$40,169 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018 the District reported a liability of \$602,275 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2017. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2017 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2017, the District proportion was .0463 percent, which was decrease of .009 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$5,163. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	2,848		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments			\$	10,076
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions				9,642
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		20,926		
Total	\$	23,774	\$	19,718

\$20,926 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ (3,821)
2020	(3,821)
2021	(3,821)
2022	(3.820)
2023	(1,301)
2024	(286)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 percent in aggregate
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB	. 55 5

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

plan investment expenses, on

including price inflation 7.25 percent Discount rate 7.25 percent

Health care cost trend rates PERA benefit structure:

Service-based premium subsidy 0.00 percent PERACare Medicare plans 5.00 percent

Medicare Part A premiums 3.00 percent for 2017,

gradually rising to 4.25

percent in 2023

Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each actuarial valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between employers of each fund to that point.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and heuristics developed by health plan actuaries and administrators, and projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Effective December 31, 2016, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates that were used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans	Medicare Part A Premiums
2017	5.00%	3.00%
2018	5.00%	3.25%
2019	5.00%	3.50%
2020	5.00%	3.75%
2021	5.00%	4.00%
2022	5.00%	4.00%
2023	5.00%	4.25%
2024+	5.00%	4.25%

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Mortality assumptions for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below are applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions for the School and Judicial Divisions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- Females: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The following economic and demographic assumptions were specifically developed for, and used in, the measurement of the obligations for the HCTF:

- The assumed rates of PERACare participation were revised to reflect more closely actual experience.
- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2017 plan year.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

- The percentages of PERACare enrollees who will attain age 65 and older ages and are assumed to not qualify for premium-free Medicare Part A coverage were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The percentage of disabled PERACare enrollees who are assumed to not qualify for premium-free Medicare Part A coverage were revised to reflect more closely actual experience.
- Assumed election rates for the PERACare coverage options that would be available to future PERACare enrollees who will qualify for the "No Part A Subsidy" when they retire were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.
- Assumed election rates for the PERACare coverage options that will be available to those current PERACare enrollees, who qualify for the "No Part A Subsidy" but have not reached age 65, were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.
- The rates of PERAcare coverage election for spouses of eligible inactive members and future retirees were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The assumed age differences between future retirees and their participating spouses were revised to reflect more closely actual experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016, valuations were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting. In addition, certain actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trends are analyzed and reviewed by PERA's actuary, as needed.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the HCTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

As of the most recent adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
LLC Fauity Large Con	24.200/	
U.S. Equity – Large Cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. Equity – Small Cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. Equity – Developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. Equity – Emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core Fixed Income	19.32%	1.20%
High Yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S. Fixed Income – Developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging Market Debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core Real Estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity Fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.60%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Total	100.00%	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1%	Current Trend	1% Increase
	Decrease in	Rates	in Trend
	Trend		Rates
	Rates		
PERACare Medicare trend rate	4.00%	5.00%	6.00%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.00%	3.00%	4.00%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.25%	4.25%	5.25%
Net OPEB Liability	585,704	602,275	622,233

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

• Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2017, measurement date.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the
  active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan
  members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total
  covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory
  rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date. For future plan
  members, employer contributions were reduced by the estimated amount of total service
  costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process used by the plan to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Transfers of a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the end of the month.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the HCTF's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	677,146	602,275	538,370

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at <a href="https://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports">www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</a>.

**8. Accrued Salaries** – Certified instructors of the District are contracted for nine months annually between Labor Day and June 1. These instructors, while only working nine months, are paid for their services in twelve equal monthly installments. On June 30 of each year they

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

have completed their entire contract, but have only received 10/12 of the related compensation with the difference to be paid over the summer break. The difference, totaling \$682,710 is reflected as an accrued expense at June 30.

#### 9. General Long Term Debt-

**Capital Lease-** In fiscal year 2009 the District entered into a lease agreement for energy saving heating and cooling equipment. The lease is payable in 40 quarterly payments of \$9,250, including interest at 4.25% beginning on February 25, 2009. The lease is serviced by the General Fund and the equipment serves as collateral. All payment obligations of the District are subject to annual appropriation by the Board of Education.

A summary of the minimum lease payments required to maturity follows:

Year	Р	rincipal	Int	Interest		Total		
2019	\$	17,138	\$	270	\$	17,408		
Total	\$	17,138	\$	270	\$	17,408		

**2008 General Obligation Bonds Payable-** In November of 1994, the voters of the District approved the issuance of \$3,500,000 of general obligation building bonds. The bonds, dated December 15, were issued on December 21, 1994. The proceeds of the bonds were used in a school construction project. These bonds were fully retired in the year ended June 30, 2005.

In August of 1997 the District issued \$3,100,000 of bonds and \$299,768 of B-coupon interest. The proceeds from this issue were used to defease \$3,100,000 of the 1994 bonds. The advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total payments by \$272,388. The economic gain was \$160,809.

Interest on both series of bonds is due June 1 and December 1 of each year. The interest on the 1994 series is from 5.8% to 6.1% and interest on the 1998 series is 4.5% to 5.1%. Principal payments are due starting with the December 1, 2001 payment. Property taxes collected by the Debt Service Fund will be used to retire this bond issue.

In January of 2008 the District refinanced the bonds through an advance refunding. The refinancing called for the issuance of \$2,600,000 in general obligation refunding bonds. The refunding bonds are payable in semi-annual installments and bear interest ranging from 3.05% to 4.50%. The advance refunding provided a present value economic gain to the District of \$204,678. The repayment of the bonds is recorded in the Debt Service Fund.

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Date	Date Principal		 Interest	Total		
December 1, 2018 December 1, 2019	\$	250,000 265,000	\$ 23,175 11,925	\$	273,175 276,925	
Total	\$	515,000	\$ 35,100	\$	550,100	

**2013 General Obligation Bonds Payable-** In November of 2012, the voters of the District approved the issuance of \$3,470,000 of general obligation bonds. The bonds were issued January 9, 2013 for the purpose of providing matching money for the State of Colorado Building Excellent Schools Today (BEST) grant program. The proceeds, along with the grant funds will be used for the construction of District facilities. The bonds are payable in annual installments and bear interest ranging from 2% to 3%. The repayment of the bonds is recorded in the Debt Service Fund.

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Date	Principal	ncipal Interest		Total
December 1, 2018	\$ 50,000	\$	97,050	\$ 147,050
December 1, 2019	50,000		95,550	145,550
December 1, 2020	200,000		94,050	294,050
December 1, 2021	205,000		88,050	293,050
December 1, 2022	215,000		81,900	296,900
2023-2027	1,165,000		309,300	1,474,300
2028-2032	1,350,000		123,900	1,473,900
Total	\$3,235,000	\$	889,800	\$ 4,124,800

Changes in Long-Term Debt- A summary of changes in general long-term debt follows:

		Balance				Balance
Description	<u> </u>	Beginning	Issued		Retired	Ending
General Obligation Bonds:						
2008 Series	\$	765,000			\$ (250,000)	\$ 515,000
2013 Series		3,275,000			(40,000)	3,235,000
Capital Lease		52,444			(35,306)	17,138
	\$	4,092,444	\$	-	\$ (325,306)	\$ 3,767,138
		•		•		

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

#### **10. Inter-fund Operating Transfers –** consist of the following:

	_Transfer in_		Tra	ansfer out
General Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$	\$ 555,000		555,000
Total	\$	555,000	\$	555,000

The transfer was made for the purpose of subsidizing the Capital Projects Fund.

11. Fund Balance Restrictions and Assignments – Restricted indicates that a portion of the fund balance can only be spent for specific purposes because of state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors. Assigned indicates amounts that are designated for a specific purpose by the Board of Education but are not spendable until appropriated. The District uses the following restrictions and assignments:

#### Non-spendable

**Inventory-** indicates that the portion of fund balance represented by inventories is not available for appropriation and expenditure at the balance sheet date. Non-spendable fund balance related to inventory consists of \$7,330 in the Lunch Fund.

#### Restricted

**TABOR** – indicates that a portion of the fund balance has been segregated for expenditures for declared emergencies only. Fund balance restricted for TABOR consists of \$250,000 in the General Fund.

**Debt Service-** indicates the amount of fund balance that is restricted for the repayment of the District's outstanding general obligation bonds. Fund balance restricted for debt service consists of \$645,473 in the Debt Service Fund.

#### **Assigned**

**Assigned for future expenditures** – indicates anticipated fund balance available for appropriation in the next budget year. Fund balance assigned for future expenditures consists of \$3,615,525 in the General Fund, \$43,770 in the Lunch Fund and \$521,090 in the Capital Projects Fund.

**12. Risk Management** – The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is a member of the Colorado School Districts Self-Insurance Pool (The Pool). The Pool was formed in 1981 to provide 93 member school districts and

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

related educational facilities with defined property and liability coverage through joint self-insurance and excess insurance. The District pays an annual premium for its general insurance coverage. The Pool is self-sustaining through member premiums and obtains excess insurance to limit per occurrence exposure to \$250,000.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss including worker's compensation and employee health and accident insurance. There have been no settled claims that have exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant decreases in insurance coverage from the prior year.

- 13. Tax, Spending, and Debt Limitations Colorado Voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. The people of the District voted to authorize the spending of all monies in existing funds and to collect, retain, and expend the full revenue, including state grants and taxes, generated during fiscal year 1998 and for each subsequent year regardless of any limitation contained in Article X, Section 20, of the Colorado Constitution. The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with all other requirements of the amendment. However, the District has made certain interpretations of the amendment's language in order to determine its compliance.
- **14.** Commitments and Contingent Liabilities There were no commitments or contingent liabilities at June 30.
- **15. Restatement of Net Position-** The District adopted GASB Statement 75 in the current fiscal year. This statement requires the District to report its proportionate share of net OPEB liabilities, along with deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to its involvement with the Health Care Trust of PERA see Footnote 7. Accordingly, the beginning net position of the governmental funds was decreased by \$593,053 to reflect the net effect of the District's proportionate share of the above items on its net position at July 1, 2017.

Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2018

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

Such information includes:

Pension Schedules
Schedule of District Contributions
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

OPEB Schedules
Schedule of District Contributions
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District Pension Contributions

Last 10 Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 548,751	\$ 621,495	\$ 665,237	\$ 682,068	\$ 743,938
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	548,751	621,495	665,237	682,068	743,938
Contibution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,432,237	\$ 3,657,057	\$ 3,751,057	\$ 3,751,058	\$ 3,938,181
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	15.99%	16.99%	17.73%	18.18%	18.89%

Information is not available for years prior to 2014

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

See Note 5 in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements for factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Last 10 Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0840%	0.0842%	0.0861%	0.831%	0.816%
District' share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 10,717,480	\$ 11,409,260	\$ 13,164,504	\$ 24,732,798	\$ 26,374,075
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 3,432,237	\$ 3,657,057	\$ 3,751,057	\$ 3,703,786	\$ 3,938,181
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	312.26%	311.98%	350.95%	667.77%	669.70%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.84%	64.07%	59.16%	43.13%	43.96%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year that occurred within the fiscal year

Information is not available for years prior to 2014

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

See Note 5 in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements for factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District OPEB Contributions

Last 10 Years

	2017		 2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	37,779	\$ 40,169
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		37,779	40,169
Contibution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$	3,703,786	\$ 3,938,181
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		1.02%	1.02%

Information is not available for years prior to 2017

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

See Note 7 in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements for factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

Last 10 Years

	2017	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.047%	0.046%
District's share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 612,188	\$ 602,275
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 3,703,786	\$ 3,938,181
District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	16.53%	15.29%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	20.07%	21.25%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year that occurred within the fiscal year

Information is not available for years prior to 2017

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

See Note 7 in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements for factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported

Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2018

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, or a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

These statements and schedules include:

Budgetary Comparison Schedules Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund Debt Service Fund Fiduciary Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	(	Budgeted Original	Am	nounts Final	Actual	F	/ariance avorable favorable)
Revenues							
Local sources							
Earnings on investments	\$	250	\$	300	\$ 610	\$	310
Total revenues		250		300	610		310
Expenditures							
Operations and plant maintenance Property							
Buildings Student transportation Property		30,000		500,000			500,000
Vehicles Central support Property		82,500		90,595	51,910		38,685
Equipment Facilities		45,000		45,000	5,013		39,987
Property Buildings		20.640		10 220	22,942		(22,942)
Appropriated reserves		30,649		19,220			19,220
Total expenditures		188,149		654,815	79,865		574,950
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer in (out)		122,500		609,170	555,000		(54,170)
Total other financing sources (uses)		122,500		609,170	555,000		(54,170)
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		(65,399)		(45,345)	475,745		521,090
Fund balance, beginning		65,399		45,345	45,345		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 521,090	\$	521,090

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Revenues	Budgeted Original	I Amounts Final	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Local sources				
Current property tax	\$ 415,290	\$ 426,414	\$ 413,184	\$ (13,230)
Earnings on investments	1,100	1,100	5,849	4,749
Delinquent tax and interest	1,100	1,100	1,357	1,357
Other			120	1,007
Outer			120	
Total local sources	416,390	427,514	420,510	(7,124)
Total revenues	416,390	427,514	420,510	(7,124)
Expenditures				
Supporting services				
Other uses	450	450	450	-
Debt Service				
Principal	290,000	300,000	290,000	10,000
Interest	125,940	125,938	125,938	-
Appropriated reserves	620,066	642,477		642,477
Total expenditures	1,036,456	1,068,865	416,388	652,477
•	· · ·	· ·		·
Excess revenue over (under) expenditures	(620,066)	(641,351)	4,122	645,473
Fund balance, beginning	620,066	641,351	641,351	-
Fund balance, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 645,473	\$ 645,473

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Due to Agency Recipients- Budget and Actual Pupil Activity Agency Fund

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	- Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			7101001	(Gillavorabio)
Local sources				
Earnings on investments	\$ 25	\$ 25	\$ 55	\$ 30
Miscellaneous	168,500	168,500	165,765	(2,735)
Total local sources	168,525	168,525	165,820	(2,705)
Total revenues	168,525	168,525	165,820	(2,705)
Expenditures				
Instruction				
School accounts	180,000	175,632	155,234	20,398
Appropriated reserves	78,484	78,484		78,484
Total expenditures	258,484	254,116	155,234	98,882
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(89,959)	(85,591)	10,586	96,177
Due to Agency Recipients, beginning	89,959	85,591	85,591	-
Due to Agency Recipients, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 96,177	\$ 96,177

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# Colorado Department of Education Auditors Integrity Report

**Auditors Integrity Report**District: 2055 - DOLORES RE-4A
Fiscal Year 2017-18
Colorado School District/BOCES

# Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

Concentration         Adjustment         Total Sources Other Uses         CORRESPONDED         CO	Fund Type &Number	Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues &	0001-0999 Total Expenditures &	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj
Control fund         3740,269         7010,673         6807.34           Control fund         7,346         6,000         11,221           Control fund         37,920,44         7,016,673         1,1221           And Potal         37,920,44         7,016,673         6,003,146           And Potal         37,920,44         7,016,673         6,003,146           And State of Count Found         37,920,44         20,003         6,003,146           Counter Stand Fund         38,922         20,003         20,003           Counter Stand Fund         38,922         20,003         20,003           Counter Stand Fund         40,003         20,003         20,003           Counter Stand Fund         40,003         20,003         20,003           Counter Stand         40,003         20,003         20,003           Special Relative Fund         40,003         20,003         20,003           Counter Stand         40,003         20,003         20,003         20,003           Counter Stand         40,003         40,003         40,003         40,003         40,003           Counter Stand         40,003         40,003         40,003         40,003         40,003         40,003	Governmental		Other Sources	Other Uses -	
Application of control fund of control		3,740,268	7,010,675	6,897,343	3,853,600
Organization of program fund         3780014         7016673         0           the final brightnesh of program fund         3780014         7016673         65000144           foot of fund fund         38 627         2820.685         2830.685           foot of feeting fund         38 627         2820.685         2830.685           foot of feeting fund         48 627         48 627         48 627           foot of feeting fund         48 627         48 627         48 627           fout flow funds grant fund         48 623         48 627         48 627           fout flow flow from from fund         48 623         48 627         48 627           for flow flow flow from from from from flow flow flow flow flow flow flow flow		17,746	000'9	11,821	11,925
Orbitalish         3788/194         7/118 677         6499/164           Charter School fund         0 <t< td=""><td></td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></t<>		0	0	0	0
Special Recentage filted                 9                 9                 9                   9 Special Recentage filted                 9 Secial Recentage filted                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9                 9<	Sub- Total	3,758,014	7,016,675	6,909,164	3,865,525
Frequency fund                 9 98624 Mercente Fund                  9 98624 Mercente Fund                   9 98624 Mercente Fund                   9 98624 Mercente Fund                   9 98624 Mercente Fund                   9 98624 Mercente Fund                   9 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90		0	0	0	0
Food Service Spec Recentle fund         39.627         2030,869         239,465         Cond Cedigorated Fund		0	0	0	0
Cert Designated Purpose Crante Enurd         0         0           Publicativity Special Exercise Enurd         0         0           Full Schielly Special Exercise Enurd         0         0           Full Schielly Special Exercise Enurd         0         0           Stored Broad Recemption Fund         641351         0         0           Broad Recemption Fund         641351         0         0         0           Broad Recemption Fund         641351         0         0         0         0           Building Enurd         65 pecial Building Fund         0 <th< td=""><td></td><td>39,627</td><td>250,968</td><td>239,495</td><td>51,101</td></th<>		39,627	250,968	239,495	51,101
Pupil Activity Spotals Revenue Fund         0         0         0         0           Full Day Kinded Sparker MILL Levy Override         1         0		0	0	0	0
Full Day Kindle gazten Mill Ley Override         0         0         0           Transportation Fund Transportation Fund Bronk Retained Leg Annial Found Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund         641331         420310         416.288           Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund         643.34         0         729.865           Binding Fund Service Fund         45.346         0         729.865           Special Building Fund Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund         45.346         0         729.865           Special Reserve Capital Projects Fund Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund         468.486437         82.857.88         72.84431           Special Relating Fund         468.486424 Activity Fund         4.864.837         82.857.88         72.84491           Risk Related Activity Fund         6         0         0         0         0           Risk Related Activity Fund         6         0         0         0         0           Agency Funds         7.864.89         0         0         0         0         0           Agency Fund         7.864.89         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           Agency Fund         7.864.89         0         0         0         0         0		0	0	0	0
Transportation fund         641,555 l         420,510         416,388 </td <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td>		0	0	0	0
Bond Redemption Fund         641351         420510         416.386           Certificate of Farticipation (COP) Debt Service Fund         0         0         0           Building Fund         0         0         0         0           Special Building Fund         45345         0         0         0           Special Building Fund         45345         0         0         0         0           Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund Service Funds         446437         0 <t< td=""><td></td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></t<>		0	0	0	0
Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund         0         0           Building Fund Service Fund         200         0         0           Special Building Fund Service Fund         448433         255.610         778452         200           Capital Reserve Lapital Projects Funds         4484334         243763         754491         200         200           Supplemental Cap Const. Tech. Main Fund         4484334         243763         754491         200		641,351	420,510	416,388	645,473
Special Building Fund Capital Revene Capital Projects Fund Supplemental Const. Tech. Main Fund Supplemental Fund Supplemental		0	0	0	0
Special Building Fund         6         555.610         555.610         79.865		0	0	0	0
Capital Reserve Capital Project Fund         45.345         555.510         79.865           Supplemental Cap Const. Tech, Main Fund         44.843.37         82.43.763         77.644.91           Proprietary         44.843.37         82.43.763         77.644.91           Other Enterprise Funds         Contract Reprise Funds		0	0	0	0
supplemental Cap Const. Tech, Main Fund         44843.3         8243.763         7,6449.1           Proprietaty         44843.3         8243.763         7,6449.1           Proprietaty         A4843.3         8,243.763         7,6449.1           Other Finterprise Funds         8         8         7,644.91           Risk-Related Activity Fund         8         9		45,345	555,610	79,865	521,090
Instruction Proprietary Proprietary Proprietary Proprietary Proprietary Proprietary Proprietary Proprietary Problem Proprietary Principle Funds         8,243,763         7,644,911           Other Enterprice Funds Finds Fervice Funds         0         0         0           9 Other Internal Service Funds         0         0         0           16 Service Funds         0         0         0           16 State Funds Find Agency Funds         0         0         0           Private Purpose Trust Fund Agency		0	0	0	0
Proprietary         Proprietary         0	Totals	4,484,337	8,243,763	7,644,911	5,083,188
Risk-Related Activity Funds         Other Enterprise Funds         Other Enterprise Funds         Other Internal Service Funds         Internal Service	Proprietary				
Risk-Related Activity Fund         Pisk-Related Activity Fund         0         0           sist Activity Funds         0         0         0           Fiduciary         0         0         0           Other Trust and Agency Funds         0         0         0           Private Purpose Trust Fund Agency Fund Rency Fund         0         0         0           Agency Fund Agency Fund Agency Fund Rothity Agency Fund Agency Fund Rothity Rothity Agency Fund Rothity Rothity Agency Fund Rothity Agency Fund Rothity Agency Fund Rothity Agency Fund Rothity Rothity Agency Fund Rothity Rothity Agency Fund Rothity Rothity Agency Fund Rothity Agency Fund Rothity R		0	0	0	0
Totals         Office of Other Internal Service Funds         Other Trust and Agency Fund		0	0	0	0
Totals         Other Trust and Agency Funds         Other Trust Fund Agency Fund Activity Fund A		0	0	0	0
Fiduciary         Fiduciary           Other Trust and Agency Funds         0         0           Private Purpose Trust Fund         0         0           Agency Fund Agency Fund Agency Fund         0         0           Pupil Activity Agency Fund GASB 34: Permanent Fund GASB 34: Permanent Fund Organizations         0         155,234           Foundations         0         0         0           Totals         0         0         0           Totals         0         0         0	Totals	0	0	0	0
Other Trust and Agency Funds         0         0         0           Private Purpose Trust Fund Agency Fund Agency Fund Agency Fund Agency Fund Pupil Activity Agency Fund CGASB 34:Permanent Fund CGASB 34:Permanent Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund	Fiduciary				
Private Purpose Trust Fund         Private Purpose Trust Fund <th< td=""><td></td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></th<>		0	0	0	0
Agency Fund         B5,591         165,820         155,234         Popul Activity Agency Fund         165,820         155,234         Popul Activity Agency Fund         Pupil Activity Agency Fund         165,834         Popul Activity Agency Fund         <		0	0	0	0
Pupil Activity Agency Fund         85,591         165,820         155,234           GASB 34:Permanent Fund         0         0         0           Foundations         0         0         0           Totals         165,820         155,234         0		0	0	0	0
GASB 34:Permanent Fund         GASB 34:Permanent Fund         0         0           Foundations         0         0         0           Totals         165,820         155,234         155,234		85,591	165,820	155,234	96,177
Foundations         0         0           Totals         165,820         155,234		0	0	0	0
85,591 165,820 155,234		0	0	0	0
	Totals	85,591	165,820	155,234	96,177

\*If you have a prior period adjustment in any fund (Balance Sheet 6880), the amount of your priorperiod adjustment is added into both your ending and beginning fund balances on this report.

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